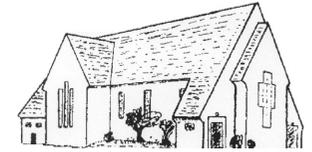




# Banns of Marriage Application

This form may be completed by one of the partners on behalf of both.  
 Only the sections marked \* (2, 3, 4, 6, 14, 15, 17, 18 and declaration) need to be completed if the marriage is to take place in another parish. Please find additional notes overleaf.



* 2 Full name (BLOCK CAPITALS)	* 3 Age at proposed date of wedding	* 4 Condition (e.g. single, widow, widower, previous marriage dissolved)	5 Rank, profession or occupation	* 6 Address at time of publishing banns	7 Father's full name (if deceased add deceased)	8 Father's rank, profession or occupation
(Man)						
(Woman)						

9 Nationality	10 Date of birth	11 Have you been previously married?	12 If so, was the previous marriage terminated by death?	13 Have you been baptised? If so, where?	* 14 Since when have you lived at the address in 6 above?	* 15 Which is your parish church?
(Man)						
(Woman)						

16 Are you related, or connected by marriage? If so, how?	* 17 At what church do you wish to be married?	* 18 On what date?	19 At what time?
(Both)			

\* I hereby certify that to the best of my belief the answers to the above questions are correct. I agree that the information contained in this form may be used as described below.

Signature .....

Signature .....

Date .....

The information supplied on this form will be used for administrative purposes subject to the safeguards provided by Data Protection legislation. Information will only be shared with those who need it to make arrangements for the wedding ceremony and to comply with legal requirements.

For official use only	Future address	Dates for publication of banns



### Additional notes

At least seven days' notice is required before the first reading of banns.

Section 3 – If either of you will not be 18 by the proposed date of the wedding, the priest will need to know whether the consent of parents or guardians has been obtained.

Section 6 – Include the town, county and postcode.

Section 15 – This means the parish church of the Church of England parish in which you live. If either of you does not live in the parish where the marriage is to take place, you must arrange for the banns to be read in your own parish and obtain a banns certificate.

Here's your essential guide to Church of England banns:

- Banns are an announcement in church of your intention to marry and a chance for anyone to put forward a reason why the marriage may not lawfully take place.
- Banns are an ancient legal tradition and have been read out every week in churches across the land for millions of couples, over many centuries.
- After your forthcoming marriage is announced, the congregation may be invited to pray for you both. It can be quite special and moving to hear this, so do go along if you can.
- Banns need to be read in the parish where each of you live as well as the church in which you are to be married, if that is somewhere else.
- You must have your banns read out in church for three Sundays during the three months before the wedding. This is usually done over three consecutive Sundays but does not have to be.
- As well as being a legal requirement, your banns readings are special public occasions when people in church hear of your intention to marry. It's an exciting and happy time, so you're welcome to invite your family and friends to hear your banns too, if you'd like.
- If there is not enough notice given for the banns to be read before the marriage is due to take place, or if one or both of you are British but do not live in England (or Wales), the Common Licence procedure needs to be used rather than banns.
- If one or both of you is a national of a country which is outside the European Economic Area, you will require a Superintendent Registrar's Certificate to marry, rather than have banns read